

Topotek- SHD -series-Protocol

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1. Introduction

This tele-com protocols is based on SMT series optical zoom tracking gimbal system, include SHD10T1/T3, TSHD10T3, SIP10T3, FIP10T3,TFIP10T3.

2. Command Format

1: Frame Structure

← 12 to 27 char →

Frame Head (3char)	Target Bit (2char)	Data Length (1char)	Control Bit (1char)	Identify Bit (3char)	Data1 (char) (char)	Data L (char)	Correlation Bit (2char)
#TP	U/M/D/I/E/P	L	w/r	X1X2X3	D1	DL	CRC

Frame Head:

#TP - data length is 2 byte, fixed length command;

#tp - various length command, data length depends on length bit, the maximum length is 0x0F;

Target Bit: (source address, target address)

U	M	D	E	G
Uart	lens	ISP image	Auxiliary equipment	Gimbal

U: UART device address bit, that is, the external control module address is u when the external control module is controlled through the serial port;

M: Zoom lens address bit, the command to lens, such as : zoom, focus;

D: ISP processor address, such as record, photo, TF status ,and so on ;

E: Auxiliary equipment address, such as thermal camera, laser measure(LRF);

G: Gimbal address, such as pitch, yaw control, angle reading;

[Target] same as above;

[Data Length] depends on how many data we have, the maximum length is F;

[Control bit] r->query; w->setup; c->callback

[Data1] data;

[Identifier] to be used for identifying; (see about [Appendix I](#))

[CRC] all converted to HEX except the head. Use accumulation to add up, then convert result to ASC-II, 2 chars, high bit is in front; see attachment in the last page. (see about [Appendix II](#))

Serial Port setting:

Baud Rate :115200, data length is 8, stop bit is 1, CRC is none.

2: Response

(1) correct command:

Control command: echo the same as before, exchange source address and destination;

Query command: put query content in frame Data Bit to echo, exchange source address and destination;

(2) wrong command:

Command failed: #TP dd 2wERE!! RR

Example: #TPMU2wERE!!30

Exchange source address and destination

3. M command

1: ZOOM

1.1 Control

Control bit: w

Identify Bit: ZMC

Data bit:

00	stop
01	zoom in
02	zoom out

Note: zoom in/out shall be used together with stop commands

Uart command example:

```
#TPUM2wZMC005C    stop
#TPUM2wZMC015D    zoom in
#TPUM2wZMC025E    zoom out
```

1.2 Reading

Control bit: w

Identify Bit: ZMC

Data bit: 00

Uart command example:

```
send: #TPUM2rZOM0063
receive: #tpMU4rZOM Z0Z1Z2Z3 RR
```

Z0Z1Z2Z3: use four chars to represent signed char zoom location, high bit is in front;

```
eg: #tpMU4rZOMFFB447
Z0Z1Z2Z3 = FFB4(char) -> FFB4(Hex) -> -76
```

Note that zoom location is -76

2: FOCUS

2.1 Control

Control bit: w

Identify Bit: FCC

Data bit: X₀X₁

X ₀ X ₁	
00	stop
01	focus +
02	focus -
10	Auto mode (To be added)
11	Manual mode (To be added)
12	Keying mode (To be added)
20	Trigger one focus (To be added)

Note: focus in/out shall be used together with stop commands

Uart command example:

```
#TPUM2wFCC003E    stop
#TPUM2wFCC013F    focus+
#TPUM2wFCC0240    focus-
```

2.2 Reading

Control bit: w

Identify Bit: FCC

Data bit: 00

Uart command example:

send: #TPUM2rFOC0045

receive: #tpMU2rFOC F0F1F2F3 RR

F0F1F2F3: use four chars to represent signed char zoom location, high bit is in front;

eg: #tpMU4rFOCFFB429

F0F1F2F3 = FFB4(char) -> FFB4(Hex) -> -76

Note that zoom location is -76

3: configure zoom and focus position

Control bit: w

Identify Bit: ZFP

Data bit: Z0Z1Z2Z3 F0F1F2F3

Z0Z1Z2Z3: use four chars to represent signed char zoom location, high bit is in front;

Z0Z1Z2Z3: use four chars to represent signed char focus location, high bit is in front;

Example: set zoom position as -76, focus position as 50, convert -76 and 50 to complement form FFB4 and 0032. Then convert them to be 'F''F''B''4' and '0''0''3''2'; Add frame head、address、frame length、commands and CRC. Finally name it as #tpUM8wZFPFFB400320F.

Note: If only set zoom position, focus value should be filled with 'N''N''N''N''; and the camera will autofocus after setting.

4: IRCUT switch(day/night switch)

Control bit: w

Identify Bit: IRC

Data bit: X₁X₂

00	Day mode
01	Night mode
0A	Reverse status

Uart command example: #TPUM2wIRC0A61

5: Remote device turn on (need customized)

Control bit: w

Identify Bit: SWH

Data bit: X₀X₁

X ₀	5	C
	Laser measure, PM2.5 detector	Thermal camera, laser zoom light
X ₁	0	1
	Close	Open

Uart command send example: #TPUM2wSWHC178

Control bit: r

Identify Bit: SWH

Data bit: X₀X₁

Send	#TPUM2rSWH005F	
Receive	#TPUM2rSWH X0X1 RR	
X ₀	5	C
	Laser measure, PM2.5 detector	Thermal camera, laser zoom light
X ₁	0	1
	Close	Open

4. G command

1: Gimbal /PTZ control

Control bit: w

Identify Bit: PTZ

Data bit: x1x2

x1x2	00	01	02	03	04	05
Func	stop	up	down	left	right	Goto Center position
x1x2	06	07	08	09		
Func	Follow	Lock	Lock/follow switch	Gimbal calibration		

Uart command example: #TPUG2wPTZ006A

2: Gimbal speed mode control

Control bit: w

Identify Bit: GSY、GSP、GSR、GSM

Data bit: x1x2

Gimbal speed Control	
YAW Cmd	#TPUG 2 w GSY X0X1 RR
	X0X1
	Rotation Speed (-99,99) (0.1deg/s)
PITCH Cmd	#TPUG 2 w GSP X0X1 RR
	X0X1
	Rotation Speed (-99,+99) (0.1deg/s)
ROLL Cmd	#TPUG 2 w GSR X0X1 RR
	X0X1
	Rotation Speed (-99,+99) (0.1deg/s)
Yaw&Pitch	#tpUG 4 w GSM Y0Y1 P0P1 RR
	Y0Y1 P0P1
	Rotation Speed (-99,99) (0.1deg/s)

#TPUG2wGSYE276

Gimbal rotation speed is X0X where X0X1 is 8 signed char (unit is 0.1degree/s), The right direction of Yaw is positive. The up of Pitch is positive. E.g. gimbal rotates at speed 3 degree/sec to left, we have to convert -30 to 0xE2, then further converted to 'E', '2'. Note that RR is calibration.

3: Gimbal Angle Control Mode

3.1 Gimbal_Angle_Control

Control bit: w

Identify Bit: GAY、GAP、GAR、GAM

Data bit: see below

Gimbal Angle Control	
Yaw	#tpUG 6 w GAY X0X1X2X3 X4X5 RR
	X0X1X2X3 X4X5
	Angle (-150.00,150.00) Rotation Speed is (0,99) with precision (0.1deg/s)
Pitch	#tpUG 6 w GAP X0X1X2X3 X4X5 RR

	X0X1X2X3	X4X5
	Angle (-90.00,+90.00)	Rotation Speed is (0,99) with precision (0.1deg/s)
Roll	#tpUG 6 w GAR X0X1X2X3 X4X5 RR	
	X0X1X2X3	X4X5
	Angle (-90.00,+90.00)	Rotation Speed is (0,99) with precision (0.1deg/s)
Yaw&Pitch	#tpUG C w GAM Y0Y1Y2Y3 Y4Y5 P0P1P2P3 P4P5 RR	
	Y0Y1Y2Y3 / P0P1P2P3	Y4Y5 / P4P5
	Angle (-150.00,150.00)/(-90.00,+90.00)	Rotation Speed is (0,99) with precision (0.1deg/s)

Example:#tpUG6wGAYEF073288

Gimbal rotates at speed of X4X5. X0X1X2X3 indicates angle. They are using 16 bits data to represent string. The right-side of Yaw is positive, the up-side of Pitch is positive. E.g. Angle is -50 degree. We have to use -5000, then convert it to be 16 bit binary number 0xEC78, then further convert it to be 'E', 'C', '7', '8'. X4X5 ; Note that RR is calibration.

3.2 Get Gimbal Current Angle

Control bit: r

Identify Bit: GAC

Data bit: 00

Uart command example:

send: #TPUG2rGAC0032

receive: #tpUG C r GAC Y0Y1Y2Y3P0P1P2P3R0R1R2R3 CC

Y0Y1Y2Y3	P0P1P2P3	R0R1R2R3
Yaw Angle	Pitch Angle	Roll Angle

Angle is 16 bit binary data. High bit is in front.

Example: Y0Y1Y2Y3 = 'E' 'C' '7' '8' = 0xEC78 = -5000 (0.01degree)

3.3 Gimbal angle info send out regularly

Gimbal angle info send out regularly Setting :

Control bit: w

Identify Bit: GAA

Data bit: X0X1

X0X1	
01	Enable sending
00	Close sending

Uart command example: #TPUG2wGAA0136

Inquiry the regularly sending status:

Control bit: r

Identify Bit: GAA

Data bit: 00

receive:	#TPGU2rGAA x1x2 RR
00	Close
01	enable

Uart command example: #TPUG2rGAA0030

4: Tracking Cursor movement (For dual light gimbal tracking)

4.1 x axis moving

Control bit: w

Identify Bit: SYC

Data bit: X₀X₁X₂X₃

4.1 Y axis moving

Control bit: w

Identify Bit: SPC

Data bit: X₀X₁X₂X₃

Control the crosshairs to move to x₀x₁x₂x₃; x₀x₁x₂x₃ indicates the number of pixels deviating from the center point, the 16 bit signed number represented by the character (unit: pixel), the right of X axis is positive, and the lower of Y axis is positive (eg: move to the position of 50 pixels on the left, i.e., convert - 50 hex representation 0xffce to 'f', 'f', 'C', 'e'); RR check bit

Note: Initially, any movement of the transmit cursor will result in a Crosshairs;

5: Tracking control (For dual light gimbal tracking)

Control bit: w

Identify Bit: SUM

Data bit: X₀X₁

X ₀ X ₁	
00	Tracking stop
01	Tracking confirm
02	Secondary tracking (reselect target during existing tracking)

#TPUG2wSUM0061 Tracking stop

#TPUG2wSUM0162 Tracking confirm

#TPUG2wSUM0263 Secondary tracking

Note: if the crosshairs do not appear, the tracking confirmation will be sent directly, and the center point will be the target;

5. D command

1: Record

1.1 control

Control bit: w

Identify Bit: REC

Data bit: x_1x_2

x_1x_2	Function description
00	Stop record
01	Start record
0A	Overturn status

Uart command example: #TPUD2wREC0A54

1.2 inquiry status

Control bit: r

Identify Bit: REC

Data bit: x_1x_2

X_2	0	1
description	No record	Being record

Uart command example: #TPUD2rREC003E

2: Photograph

Control bit: w

Identify Bit: CAP

Data bit: 0 1

Uart command example: #TPUD2wCAP013E

3: Menu control

Control bit: w

Identify Bit: MNU

Data bit: 0 X

x	1	2	3	4	5	6
描述	up	down	left	right	ok	Menu

Uart command example: #TPUD2wMNU065F

4: Photo resolution

Setting

Control bit: w

Identify Bit: PIC

Data bit: X_0X_1

x_1/x_2	0	1	2	3	A	B	N
	400w	800w	1300w	1600w	+	-	null

Note: when it is a dual light lens, x_0 / X_1 will take effect, otherwise only X_1 will take effect;

Uart command example: #TPUD2wPIC0045

Reading

Control bit: r
 Identify Bit: PIC
 Data bit: 00
 Data return: X₀X₁ (See setting table for data meaning)
 Uart command example: #TPUD2rPIC0040

5 Video resolution

Setting

Control bit: w
 Identify Bit: VID
 Data bit: X₀X₁

x ₁ /x ₂	0	1	A	B	N
	720p	1080p	+	-	null

Note: when it is a dual visible lens, x₀ / X₁ will take effect, otherwise only X₁ will take effect;

Uart command example: #TPUD2wVID004C

Reading

Control bit: r
 Identify Bit: VID
 Data bit: 00
 Data return: X₀X₁ (See setting table for data meaning)
 Uart command example: #TPUD2rVID0047

6: TF card capacity

Control bit: r
 Identify Bit: SDC
 Data bit: x₁x₂

x ₁ x ₂	Description	x ₁ x ₂	Description
00	Get remaining capacity	01	Get total capacity

Uart command example: #TPUD2rSDC003E

Data meaning read: **X₀X₁X₂X₃X₄**

Remaining capacity of TF card (Hexadecimal, big Endian, in MB)

NNNNN: Indicates that the TF card is not inserted

7: Tracking control (Single tracking version)

Control bit: w
 Identify Bit: TRC
 Data bit: x₀x₁

x ₀ x ₁	00	0A
	Stop	Adaptive to state

Uart command example: #TPUD2wTRC0153

7: ISP control

7.1 AWB

Setting

Control bit: w

Identify Bit: AWB

Data bit: X₀X₁

x ₀ /x ₁	X0 for main lens X1 for sub lens
0	auto
1	night
2	incandescent
3	fluorescent
4	Warm-fluorescent
5	daylight
6	Cloudy- daylight
7	twilight
8	Shade
A	AWB +
B	AWB -
N	null

Note: when it is a dual visible lens, x₀ / X₁ will take effect, otherwise only X₁ will take effect;

Uart command example: #TPUD2wAWB0043

Reading

Control bit: r

Identify Bit: AWB

Data bit: 00

Data return: X₀X₁ (See setting table for data meaning)

Uart command example: #TPUD2rAWB003E

7.2EV

Setting

Control bit: w

Identify Bit: EVS

Data bit: X₀X₁

x ₁ /x ₂	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	A	B	N
	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	+	-	null

Note: when it is a dual visible lens, x₀ / X₁ will take effect, otherwise only X₁ will take effect;

Uart command example: #TPUD2wEVS0057

Reading

Control bit: r

Identify Bit: EVS

Data bit: 00

Data return: X₀X₁ (See setting table for data meaning)

Uart command example: #TPUD2rEVS0052

8 Display mode

Setting

Control bit: w

Identify Bit: PIP

Data bit: X_0X_1

x	0	1	2	3	A	B
	m+s	m only	s+m	s only	+	-

Note: when it is a dual light lens, $x0 / X1$ will take effect, m main camera, s auxiliary camera;

Uart command example: #TPUD2wPIP0A63

Reading

Control bit: r

Identify Bit: VID

Data bit: 00

Data return: X_0X_1 (See setting table for data meaning)

Uart command example: #TPUD2rPIP004D

9 Time coordinate

Control bit: w

Identify Bit: see below table

Data bit: see below table

Description	Control bit	Data bit
Latitude	LAT	$X_0 X_1 \dots X_A$
Longitude	LON	$X_0 X_1 \dots X_B$
Altitude	ALT	$X_0 X_1 \dots X_5$
Time	TIM	$X_0 X_1 \dots X_E$ (hh-mm-ss.ss-DD-MM-YY)

Uart command example: #tpUDFwTIM142832.0003121838 2018-12-03 14:28:32

10 Digital zoom(Not yet supported)

Control bit: w

Identify Bit: DZM

Data bit: X_0X_1

X_0X_1	01	02	03	04	0A	0B
	1x	2x	3x	4x	Zoom+	Zoom-

Uart command example: #TPUD2wDZM0AF4

Reading

Control bit: r

Identify Bit: DZM

Data bit: 00

Data return: X_0X_1 (See setting table for data meaning)

Uart command example: #TPUD2rDZMEF

11: Pseudo color**Setting**

Control bit: w

Identify Bit: IMG

Data bit: X_0X_1

X_1/X_2	描述
-----------	----

0	PaletteGray0to255(white/black)
1	PaletteGray255to0
2	PaletteIronBow
3	PaletteRainBow
4	PaletteGlowBow
5	PaletteAutumn
6	PaletteWinter
7	PaletteHotMetal
A	IMG +
B	IMG -

Uart command example: #TPUD2wIMG0A57

Reading

Control bit: r

Identify Bit: IMG

Data bit: 00

Data return: X₀X₁ (See setting table for data meaning)

Uart command example: #TPUD2rIMG0041

12: Get thermal temperature info(network version)

Control bit: r

Identify Bit: TMP

Data bit: 00、01、02

00	01	02
Read once	Start continue reading (periodic receipt of return data)	Continue reading

Data return: X₀X₁Y₀Y₁T₀T₁T₂T₃C₀C₁C₂C₃

X ₀ X ₁	Y ₀ Y ₁	T ₀ T ₁ T ₂ T ₃	C ₀ C ₁ C ₂ C ₃
X coordinate of the highest point	Y coordinate of the highest point	Maximum temperature	Center point temperature

The data is a hexadecimal number represented by character type, with big endian.

Eg: C₀C₁C₂C₃ = 'E' 'C' '7' '8' = 0xEC78 = -5000 (0.01 °C) = -50.00 °C

Uart command example: #TPUD2rTMP0055

13: Network setting(IP network version)

IP	
cmd	#tpUDDwIPV192.168.31.22D7
X	
Gateway	
cmd	#tpUDCwGTW192.168.31.1A6
X	
DNS	
cmd	#tpUDDwDNS114.114.114.4C0
X	
BDNS	
cmd	#tpUDDwBNS114.114.114.4BE
X	
cmd	Reset
	#TPUD2wRST0163 ip: 192.168.31.8 gateway:192.168.31.1 DNS:114.114.114.114

Appendix I: Identify Bit

Identify Bit	Description	Identify Bit	Description
ZMC	ZOOM control	REC	Record
FCC	Focus control	CAP	Photograph
ZFP	Setting zoom& focus position	IRC	IR cut switch
PTZ	Gimbal control (PTZ)	MNU	Menu
GAC	Gimbal angle status	GAA	Gimbal angle send out regularly
GSY	Speed control of YAW axis of PTZ	GAY	Angle control of YAW axis of PTZ
GSP	Speed control of Pitch axis of PTZ	GAP	Angle control of Pitch axis of PTZ
GSR	Speed control of Roll axis of PTZ	GAR	Angle control of Roll axis of PTZ
GSM	Speed control of YAW& Pitch axis of PTZ	GAM	Angle control of YAW& Pitch axis of PTZ
SDC	TF card capacity	AWB	Auto white balance
ISO	Photo sensibility	EVS	Exposure compensation
LAT	latitude	ALT	height
LON	longitude	TIM	Time
TMP	Temperature	IPV	IP address
GTW	Network gateway	DNS	Domain name resolution address
RST	Reset network configuration	BNS	Alternative domain name resolution address

Appendix II: CRC calculation

```
char CalculateCrc(volatile char *cmd, char len){
    char crc;
    int i;

    crc=0;
    for(i=0; i<len; i++){
        crc += cmd[i];
    }
    return(crc);
}
```

To convert the generated hex to two characters:

eg: #TPUD2wAWB01

The value of the generated CRC is 0x44

Then the final command is a string: #TPUD2wAWB0144

If the product version needs to be upgraded or the functions are required to be changed, please feel free to contact us for further technical support.

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